

DataRED

Data Reduction Program. JRC-LLB 2004

DataRED is a simple console program useful for data reduction of single crystal diffraction patterns.

The program reads the list of measured reflections and performs averages to provide a unique set of independent reflections to be used for structure solution or refinement. The output files are intended to be used by the program **FullProf**. The list of measured reflections must be in a file respecting one of the seven available input formats.

The program is able to transform the reflection indices to another setting provided by the user. It constructs the appropriate file containing information about twinning when twin laws are provided by the user in the input control file, etc. DataRED also handles the case of incommensurate magnetic structures where a propagation vector is given.

Running the program

Two input files are normally needed:

- 1) *code_datared.red*
- 2) *reflections.hkl*

Invoking the program:

Local_Prompt> *datared code_datared*

If the file *code_datared.red* is not given, the program will ask for the necessary items to properly perform the data reduction (less detailed calculations).

Instructions for input file

All input is given as a KeyWord followed by real, integer or character value(s). KeyWords may be given in lower or upper case but not by mixing the two types (Twin commands are case sensitive!).

The three first lines of the file should be given in the following order:

TITLE Test of data reduction program

Arbitrary title

INPFIL reflections.hkl

Name of the input file (may have an extension /= hkl)

OUTFIL code_out

Code of the output files

The rest of the lines may be given in whatever order and some of them may be absent.
The TWIN commands are expected to be at the end.

The following keywords can be recognized by the program:

TRANSF ((a(i,j),j=1,3),i=1,3)

Transformation matrix for indices previous to treatment

SPGR Spgr_Symbol

Space Group (averaging will take into account the given symmetry)

To avoid averaging it is useful the use of a triclinic space group P1, P -1 or I -1, etc...

NFRDL

If given the Friedel law is not satisfied

EPS eps_val

*If given, the comparison integer/real will be performed within the interval: +/- eps_val.
The default value is 0.01.*

Ex.: 0.98 is considered as 1.00 if eps_val=0.025

KVEC Kx Ky Kz

Propagation vector

CELL a b c alpha beta gamma

Unit cell parameters used in the data collection

WAVE lambda

Wavelength

HKL_T n

Type of hkl-data

N=0

*Shelx-like input file (3i4,2f8.2) type: HKLF 4: h,k,l,F2,s(F2)
(CELL and WAVE should be given)*

N=1

*Read h,k,l, Intensity and Sigma in free format
(CELL and WAVE should be given)*

N=2

*Data from COLL5 (two lines per reflection) (D23): *.fsq
(hkl-real)*

(CELL and WAVE should be given)

Format of the reflections file => (i6,3f7.3,2f10.2,3f8.2)

For reading the items: Numor, h k l Int Sigma gamma nu phi

N=3

*Read the first line as a comment (FullProf *.int file).
 The second line contents the format of the hkl lines
 In the third line the value of the wavelength is read.
 In the following lines the following items are read:
 h,k,l, Intensity, Sigma, code, 2theta, omega, chi, phi*

N=4

*Data from COLL5 (1 line per reflection) *.col (hkl-integer)
 Format of the reflections file => (i6,3i4,2f10.2,4f8.2)
 For reading the items: Numor, h k l Int Sigma theta omega chi phi*

N=5

*Data from COLL5 (1 line per reflection) *.col (hkl-real)"
 Format of the reflections file => (i6,3f6.2,f8.0,f4.0,4f8.2) "
 For reading the items: Numor, h k l Int Sigma theta omega chi phi"*

N=6

*Data from COLL5 (1 line per reflection) *.col (hkl-real)"
 Format of the reflections file => (i4,3f6.2,2f10.2,4f8.2) "
 For reading the items: Numor, h k l Int Sigma theta omega chi phi"
 The only difference between 6 and 4 is in the format i4,3f6.2 for the former to
 read the Numor and indices. (From 6T2)*

N=7

*Data from SXD (RAL-ISIS) to be read by FullProf
 The items of reflections are as in the following header*

```

.....
Test of FullProf with data from SXD
# The first line above is considered as a title
# Lines starting with # or ! are comments of whatever type
! This is also a comment
!
! The program looks for a format item of the form given below
! It must start by "(" and finish with ")". It is a typical format
! descriptor in fortran. It is expected to read the items
! described below as titles of the columns
(3i4,2f9.2,i4,4f10.4)
  0 0 0
# Information about the experiment
#
#   bla,bla,....
#
#   h   k   l   Fsqr   s(Fsqr) Cod   Lambda   Twotheta   Absorpt.   Tbar
#   1   5   0   533.01   13.53   1     2.8300    151.32     1.002     0.075
.....

```

POWDER

*If given the output file may be read by FullProf for JBT=-3, IRF=2, useful to "deduce"
 a powder pattern.*

DOMAIN

analysis is performed automatically determining the group of the propagation vector and the star. If DOMAIN is not given the output will contain the whole arms of the star.

TWIN

Tells the program TWIN commands will be given below:

TWIN_nam Name of the TWIN model

Name of the twin model

TWIN_spg Space Group of domains

Space Group symbol for systematic absences of domain contributions

TWIN_typ itwin

Type of twin matrices given

ITWIN= 1

The domains contributing to an observation have indices obtained from the input (h,k,l) by multiplying the vector (hkl) by a real matrix P, so that $(hkl)_n = P(hkl)$. The number of the domains contributing to each observation depends if the resulting indices $(hkl)_n$ are integers.

ITWIN= 2

The input indices are given w.r.t. the super-lattice. It is supposed that a sub-lattice exist and the orientation of the superlattice could have different orientational domains. Each domain is entered as a matrix relating the superlattice direct cell to the parent sub-lattice.

ITWIN= 3

The input indices correspond to the first domain. The orientation of the first domain with respect to a cartesian frame is given by the user as for the other domains. Each domain is given by the orientation in the cartesian frame of each cell parameter a,b, c. Only the direction is needed. The program calculates internally the director cosinus.

Whatever the TWIN model the final matrices act on (hkl) as for ITWIN=1. For ITWIN=2,3 the angular position of the motors are tested for an eventual contribution even if the resulting indices are not integer.

TWIN_mat t11 t12 t13 t21 t22 t...

Matrices (one per domain) describing the domains

TWIN_ubm ubm11 ubm12 ubm13 ubm21..

UB-matrix, needed only for precise determination if itwin=2,3. Comparison of measured angle positions with calculated for the nearest reflections of other domains (In test stage at present).

TWIN_trf tr11 tr12 tr13 tr21 ...

Transformation matrix for UB => UB-new = UB . TR

TWIN_mac Name of diffractometer

D9, 6T2, ...

TWIN_end

Tells the program that no more twin commands are needed

Output files

The output files are the following:

Output file: *code_out.out*

Reflections file: *code_out.hkl*

Rejected reflections file: *code_out.rej*

Example

```
TITLE    Test of data reduction program BaNiPO
INPFIL   banipo.hkl
OUTFIL   banip
WAVE     1.17460
CELL     4.8020  4.8020  23.3300  90.000  90.000  120.000
SPGR     R -1
HKL_T    3
```