

# Be Foil Analysis

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This notebook is to compute the equivalent thickness of a bent Be foil. We consider two concentric circles, with the largest being of radius "rad" and the smaller of "rad - thick".

```
rad = 36
thick = 0.020
```

36

0.02

First angle:

```
theta1@x_D = ArcSin@x • Sqrt@x^2 + rad^2DD
ArcSin@ $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 36^2}}$ E
```

Second Angle (smaller circle):

```
theta2@x_D = ArcSin@x • Sqrt@x^2 + Hrad - thickL^2DD
ArcSin@ $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + (Hrad - thickL)^2}}$ E
```

```
zlow@x_D = rad H1 - Cos@theta1@xDDL
zupp@x_D = Hrad - thickL H1 - Cos@theta2@xDDL + thick
```

$$\frac{36}{k} \left[ 1 - \frac{x^2}{1296 + x^2} \right]$$

$$\frac{0.02 + 35.98}{k} \left[ 1 - \frac{x^2}{1294.56 + x^2} \right]$$

Test at zero:

```
zlow@0D
```

```
zupp@0D
```

```
0
```

```
0.02
```

The difference is not visible on with only 20 um. Define now the equivalent thickness:

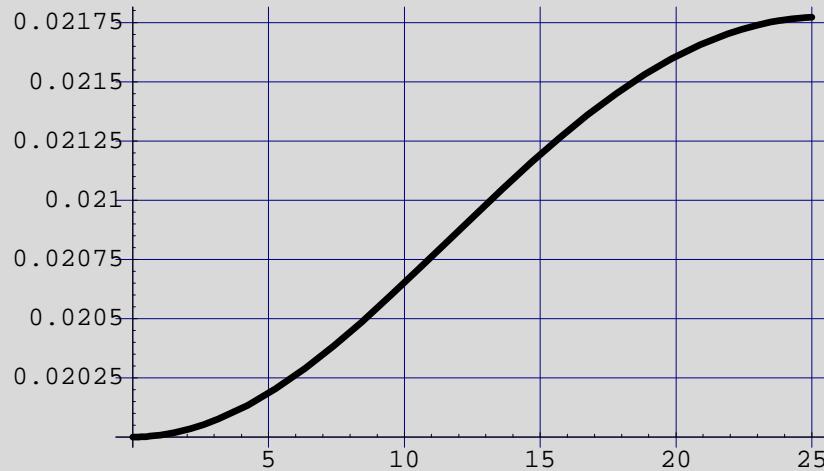
```
tbe@x_D = zupp@xD - zlow@xD
```

$$\frac{0.02 + 35.98}{k} \left[ 1 - \frac{x^2}{1294.56 + x^2} \right] - \frac{36}{k} \left[ 1 - \frac{x^2}{1296 + x^2} \right]$$

```
tbe@0D
```

```
0.02
```

```
Plot@tbe@xD, 8x, 0, 25<, GridLines -> Automatic,  
PlotStyle -> Thickness@0.01DD
```



- Graphics -

```
Table@Print@"The thickness of Be foil at x= ", x, " is ", tbe@xDD,  
8x, 0, 25, 12.5<D;
```

The thickness of Be foil at  $x= 0$  is 0.02

The thickness of Be foil at  $x= 12.5$  is 0.0209266

The thickness of Be foil at  $x= 25.$  is 0.0217721

```
corr = N@27795 • 217721D
```

0.127663